

lav.21 no.8:960-962 '55. (Tempering)		16)	(Temperin			
			4			4
		,				
				× × ×		
		•			. 30	
					•	

KISLYAKOVA, E.N.

Investigation of the Tempering of Steel by Measuring I Magnetic Saturation. 5: N. Kielyckova and E. M. Shimeya. (Zacodskaya Laboratorya, 155, 21, (8), 960-962). [In Russian] In the method described, carbide content changes in steel were followed by determination of magnetic saturation at 250-360° C. This elevated temperature position in zeroter sensitivity. Impact speciment of type Liebest and low steel mediant carbon alloy steel force used and surves flowing the variation with temperature in the range 250-260° of the difference between magnetic-saturation values measured at room temperature and at 250° C, are given, this difference being almost proportional to the quantity of carbide formed. Results obtained are discussed in terms of the carbon and alloying element contents of the atcels.— S. E.

KISLYAKOVA, Ye.N. [translator]; MIRKIN, Y.L., red.; EERLIN, Ye.N., red.

[Investigation of heat-resistant steels and alloys] IssledoAPPROVEDISOR-RELEASETHOR/16/2001avovCIA-RDF36-005134090722830002

Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po chernoi i tavetnoi
metallurgii, 1960. 352 p.

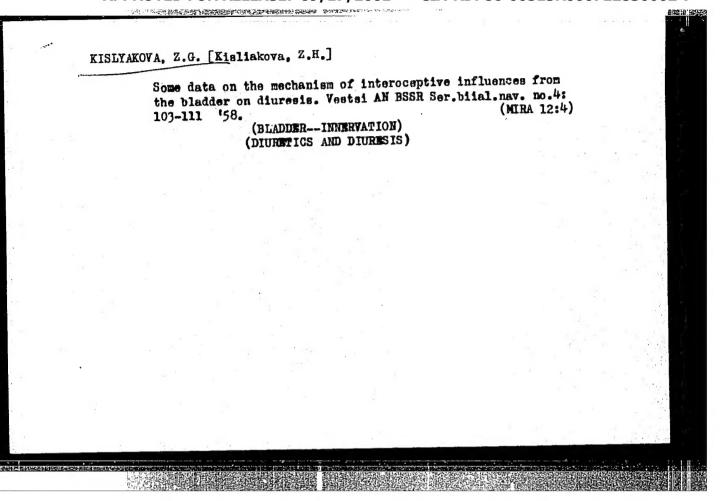
(Heat-resistant alloys-Testing) (Steel-Testing)

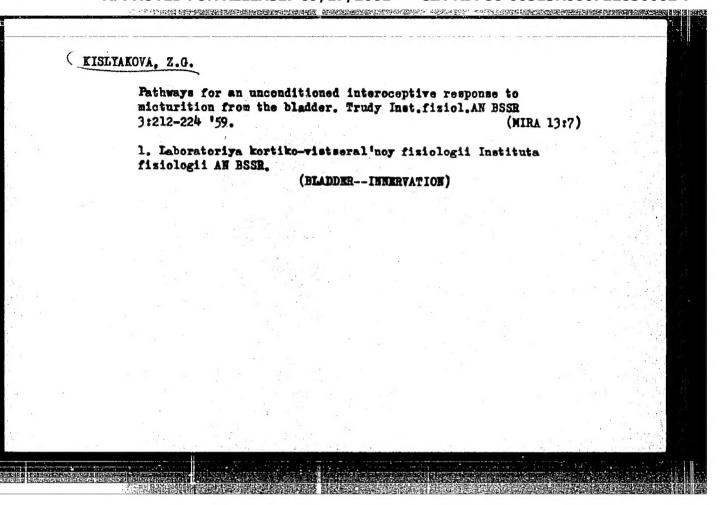
Some data on the effects of stomach and bladder interoception on urine excretion. Trudy Inst. fiziol. AN BSSR 1:65-74 '56 (MIRA 10:5)

1. Laboratoriya kortiko-vistseral'noy fiziologii. (STOMACH--INNERVATION) (URINE--SECRETION)

KISLYAKOVA, Z. G.: Master Biol Sci (diss) -- "Some date on the mechanism of interoceptive effects of the bladder on diuresis". Minsk, 1958. 13 pp (Acad Sci Belorussian SSR, Inst of Biology), 150 copies (KL, No 1, 1959, 117)

: USSR COUNTRY : Human and Animal Physiology The Nervous System CATEGORY : RZhEiol., No. 5 1959, No. 22403 ABS. JOUR. : Kislyakova, Z. AUTHOR : Institute of Physiology of the Byelorussian SSR INST. . The Effect of Chloral Hydrate on the Unconditioned TITLE Interoceptive Effects on Diuresis Originating in the Urinary Bladder. Tr. In-ta fiziol. AN BSSR, 1958, 2, 129--139 ORIG. PUB. Among three dogs receiving a water and milk ABSTRACT load, there was noted a marked increase in urine formation, which was accompanied by a decrease in the concentration of urinary chlorides and the specific gravity of the urine. Stretching the urinary bladder caused a reduction in diuresis, and an occasional rise in specific gravity and chloride concentration. Chloral Hydrate (0.3 gm/kg) inhibited water diuresis and also depressed the unconditioned interoceptive reflex effect on diuresis arising in the urinary bladder. 1/1 Card: Lab of Cortico-Vinceral Physiology





KISLYAKOVSKAYA, V.G.

KISLYAKOVSKAYA, V. 3.

Granicidin therapy of chickenpox. Pediatriia, Moskva No. 6, Nov.-Dec. 50. p. 58-9

1. Of the Gentral Scientific-Research Pediatric Institute of the Ministry of Public Health RSFSR (Director-Prof. S. P. Borisov).

CLML 20, 3, March 1951

KISLYAKOVSKAYA, V. G.

"Nitrogen Metabolism of Children During the First Year of Life in Relation to the Composition of the Food (From Observations in a Children's Home)." Cand Med Sci, Leningrad State Pediatrics Medical Inst. Leningrad, 1955. (KL, No 10, Mar 55)

SO: Sum. No. 670, 29 Sep 55-Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (15)

KISLYAKOVSKAYA, V.G., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk Higrogen metabolism in infants during their first year of life as affected by the composition of food. Vop.okh.mat. i det. l no.): 41-46 My-Je '56. 1. Is otdela fiziologii rebenka (zav. - doktor meditsinskikh nauk N.Ye.Ozeretskovskaya) Cosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovstel'skogo pediatricheskogo instituta Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR (dir. - kandidat meditsinskikh nauk V.N.Karachsvtseva) Moskva. (INFANTS-MUTRITION) (HITROGEN METABOLISM)

RYSKINA, Ye.B., kandidat meditainskikh nauk; KISLYAKOVSKAYA, V.G., kandidat meditainskikh nauk

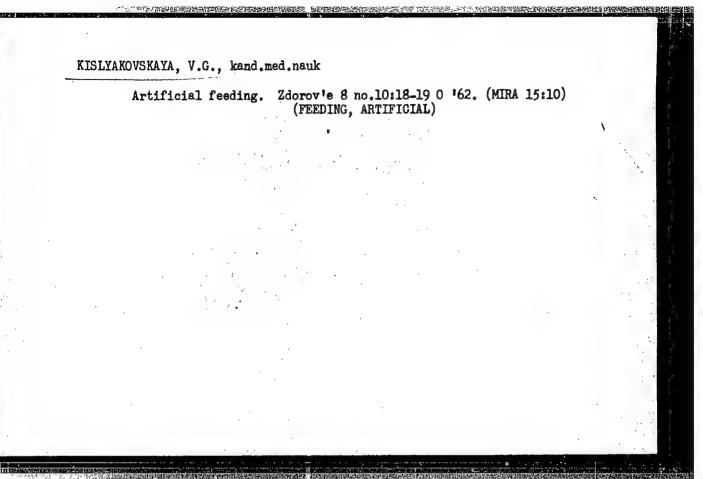
Comperative rating of various feeding schedules for children from one and a half to three years old. Pediatriia no.7:70-73 Jl '57.

(MIRA 10:10)

1. Iz Moskovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo pediatricheskogo instituta (dir. - kandidat meditainskikh nauk V.M. Zerachevtseva)

Ministeratva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR.

(CHILDREN--NUTRITION)

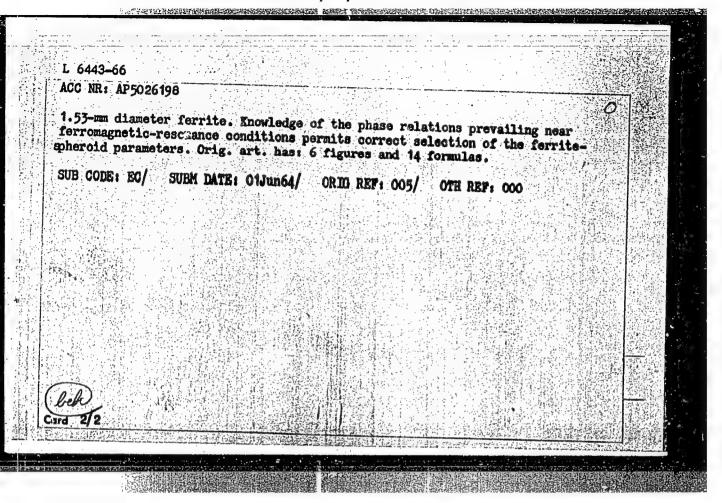


KISLYAKOVSKAYA, V.G., kand. med. nauk

Physiological bases of the raising of a healthy child. Pediatriia 42 no.6:6-11 Je'63 (MIRA 17:1)

l. Iz otdela fiziologii rebenka (zav. V.G. Kislyakovskaya) Cosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovateliskogo pediatricheskogo instituta (dir. - kand. med. nauk V.P. Spirina) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR.

	SOURCE CODE: UR/0142/	SELME INVIOLER INTE	
CC NR: AP5026198 UTHOR: Kislyakovskiy, A. V.; Vuntes	회의를, 병원 배택의 회사를 제공합을 받는 것		2.50
	imeri, v. S.	3. 8	
RG: none			
ITLE: Phase relations in the inters lectromagnetic field of a waveguide	ection between a ferrite	spheroid and the	
OURCE: IVUZ. Radiotekhnika, v. 8, m	10. 4, 1965, 455-459		
OPIC TAGS: ferrite, waveguide			
BSTRACT: Phase angles of the transmectangular waveguide are considered undamental-mode theoretical formula f the ferrite spheroid is represent xcites the electromagnetic field in agnetization and a ferrite size smessumed. Experimental curves of the ttenuation vs. frequency are shown	s is reported. The altered by an equivalent oscion the waveguide. A uniformall in comparison with transmission-factor plan	erification of the rnating magnetization illatory system which rm precession type the wavelength are	



з/0058/64/000/007/но36/но36

ACCESSION NR: AR4046017

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika. Abs. 7Zh250

AUTHOR: Kislyakovskiy, A. V.

TITLE: Investigation of the main parameters and characteristics of ferrite bolometers used to measure microwave power

CITED SOURCE: Tr. Kiyevsk. politekh. in-ta, v. 45, 1963, 69-86

TOPIC TAGS: microwave research, power measurement, bolometer, ferrite, resistivity temperature coefficient

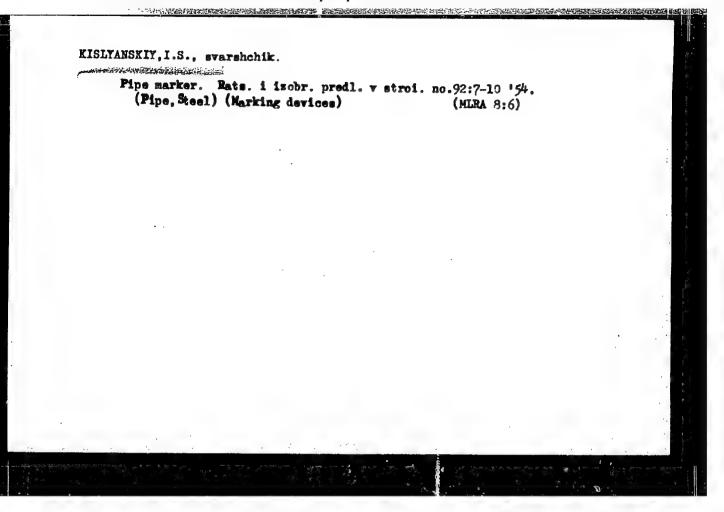
TRANSLATION: General conclusions are deduced from the experimental material on the main parameters and characteristics of ferrite bolometers used in frequency-selective waveguide power meters. The temperature characteristics of the resistance, the static voltage-current characteristics, and the dependence of the ferromagnetic recurrent characteristics, and the dependence of the ferromagnetic resonance linewidth on the frequency, on the waveguide height, and on sonance linewidth on the bolometer are considered. An estimate

Card 1/2

L 10866-65 EAT(d)/EAT(1)/EEC(k)-2/EEC-4/T/EEC(b)-2/EED-2/EA(h) Pn-1/Po-4/Pq-4/ Pac-L/Pg-L/Peb/Pi-L/Pj-L/Pk-L/Pl-L IJP(e)/ESD(gs)/RAMM(a)/ESD(dp)/ESD(t)/AFETR/ ASD(d)/AFWL/SSD S/0058/64/000/008/H043/H043 ACCESSION NR: AR4046559 SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika, Abs. 8Zh275 B AUTHOR: Kislyakovskiy, A. V. TITLE: Ferrite bolometers for the measurement of microwave power of Tr. Kiyevsk. politekhn. in-ta, v. 45, 1963, 58-68 TOPIC TAGS: Ferrite, bolometer, microwave transmission, power measurement TRANSLATION: The possibilities are considered of using ferrites as selective bolometers (B) for the measurement of microwave power in the broad range of measured power. The choice of the optimal shape, dimension, and material of the B is made. Particular attention is paid to the choice of the ferrites for the B in the equipment for the measurement of the transmitted power. The technology

, 10866-65 ACCESSION NX: AR4046559	
of the manufacture of the B is examined. The circuit and a photograph of the apparatus for the final grinding and polishing of ferrite spheres is presented. Results are presented of the deter-	
mination of the scatter in the parameters of the B during production, and the results of artificial aging of the B in order to ascertain	
to operating conditions. It is stated that the main parameters of the B remain practically unchanged after artificial aging. A. M. SUB CODE: EC. EE ENCL: 00	
Card 2/2	And the second s

Bokrinskaya A. A.; Kislyakovskiy A. V.; Vuntesmeri V. S.; Kudinov, Ye. V. THEE Bokrinskaya A. A.; Kislyakovskiy A. V.; Vuntesmeri V. S.; Kudinov, Ye. V. THEE Waveguile measuring head. Class 21, No. 168343 COURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 1, 1965, 38 TOPIC TAGS: waveguide measuring head, bolometer, ferrite bolometer, shf power meter, orrystal detector ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces a waveguide measuring head designed for the measurement and control of shf power. To ensure high accuracy and high selectivity, a ferrite bolometer serving as a selective measuring element and a crystal detector serving as a nonselective inertialess indicator are combined in the terminal nead. Orig. art. has: 1. figure. [DA] ASSOCIATION: none SUBMITTED: O2Mar64 ENCL: 00 OTHER: 000 ATD PRESS: 3219 Card 1/1	7 36 38 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			
OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovavnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tova		•	, ,	
DURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965, 38 DIFIC TAGS: waveguide measuring head, bolometer, ferrite bolometer, shf power meter, orystal detector ESTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces a waveguide measuring head designed for the measurement and control of shf power. To ensure high accuracy and high selectivity, a ferrite bolometer serving as a selective measuring element and a crystal detector serving as a nonselective inertialess indicator are combined in the terminal and. Orig. art. has: 1 figure: ESOCIATION: none DEMITTED: 02Mar64 ENCL: 00 SUB CODE: EC.MF DESCRIPTION: none OTHER: 000 ATD PRESS: 3219	THOR Bokrinskaya A. A.; Ki	slyakovskiy A. V.; Vuntesmeri V. S	.: Kudinov, Ye. V.	
OPIC TAGS: waveguide measuring head, bolometer, ferrite bolometer, shf power meter, orystal detector BSTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces a waveguide measuring head designed for the measurement and control of shf power. To ensure high accuracy and high selectivity, a ferrite bolometer serving as a selective measuring element and a crystal detector serving as a nonselective inertialess indicator are combined in the terminal ead. Orig. art. has: 1 figure. DWI SSOCIATION: none UBMITTED: 02Mar64 ENCL: 00 SUB CODE: EC.MP O REF SOV: COO OTHER: 000 ATD PRESS: 3219	ITIF. Waveguile measuring he	ad./ Class 21, No. 168343	69 B	
SSTRACT: This Author Certificate Introduces a waveguide measuring head designed for the measurement and control of shf power. To ensure high accuracy and high selective try, a ferrite bolometer serving as a selective measuring element and a crystal described and considered in the terminal sead. Orig. art. has: I figure. SSOCIATION: none DEMITTED: 02Mar64 ENCL: 00 SUB CODE: ECAMP O REF SOV: COO OTHER: 000 ATD PRESS: 3219	OURCE: Byulleten' izobreteni	y i tovarnykh znakov, no. 4, 1965,	38	Į.
SSOCIATION: none UBMITTED: 02Mar64 ENCL: 00 SUB CODE: EC,KP O REF SOV: COO OTHER: 000 ATD PRESS: 3219 ML		ng head, bolometer, ferrite bolome	ter, shf power meter,	
UBMITTED: 02Mar64 ENCL: 00 SUB CODE: EC,NP O REF SOV: COO OTHER: OOO ATD PRESS: 3219	BSTRACT: This Author Certifi he measurement and control of ty, a ferrite bolometer servi	shi power. To ensure high accurang as a selective measuring elemen	cy and high selective t and a crystal de-	
O REF SOV: COO OTHER: OOO ATD PRESS: 3219	ESTRACT: This Author Certification measurement and control of ty, a ferrite bolometer servicector serving as a nonselecti	shf power. To ensure high accurating as a selective measuring element we inertialess indicator are combined to the combined to	t and a crystal de- ned in the terminal	
- me	ESTRACT: This Author Certification measurement and control of ty, a ferrite bolometer service ctor serving as a nonselectional. Orig. art. has: L. figur	shf power. To ensure high accurating as a selective measuring element we inertialess indicator are combined to the combined to	t and a crystal de- ned in the terminal	
	SSTRACT: This Author Certifice measurement and control of ty, a ferrite bolometer service tor serving as a nonselectical. Orig. art. has: 1. figures:	shf power. To ensure high accurating as a selective measuring element we inertialess indicator are combined.	cy and high selective t and a crystal de- ned in the terminal [DW]	
The state of the s	STRACT: This Author Certifice measurement and control of ty, a ferrite bolometer service tor serving as a nonselectical. Orig. art. has: 1 figures SOCIATION: none (BMITTED: 02Mar64) (COO ML)	shf power. To ensure high accurating as a selective measuring element we inertialess indicator are combined. ENCL: 00	cy and high selective t and a crystal de- ned in the terminal [DW] SUB CODE: ECMP	



Display and the second second

ARKHANGEL'SKIY, A. S., (Eng.), VASYAKIN, A. S. (Mining Eng.) KISLYAR, YE. O. (Mining El. Eng.)

Potash Industry and Trade - Solikamsk

Mechanized mining work at the Solikamsk potash mine. Mekh. trud. rab. 6 no. 5, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, August 1958, Uncl.

KISLYATSKIKH, K.; PCPOV, V. Fumigation of pea seeds. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 9 (MIRA 17:6)

no.2:29 164.

1. Glavnyy agronom Karantinnoy inspektsii Yuzhno-Kazakhstanskogo kraya (for Kislyatskikh). 2. Starshiy agronom-fumigator Karantinnoy inspektsii Yuzhno-Kazakhstanskogo kraya (for Popov).

VYATKIN, I.I., inzh.; HYSEV, G.S., inzh.; KISLYKH, A.S., inzh.;

PLEKHANOV, G.V., inzh.

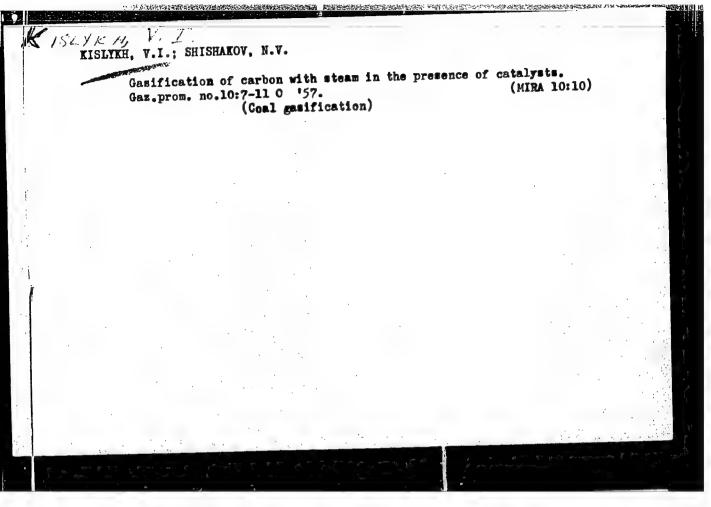
Industriel testing of FP-1 mining unit. Gor.zhur. no.2127-30
(MIRA 16:2)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i projektno-konstruktorskiy institut
Gornogo i obogatitel'nogo oborudovaniya, Sverdlovak (for Vyatkin,
Rysev, Kislykh). 2. Vysokogorskoye rudoupravleniye, Nizhniy Tagil
(for Plekhanov).

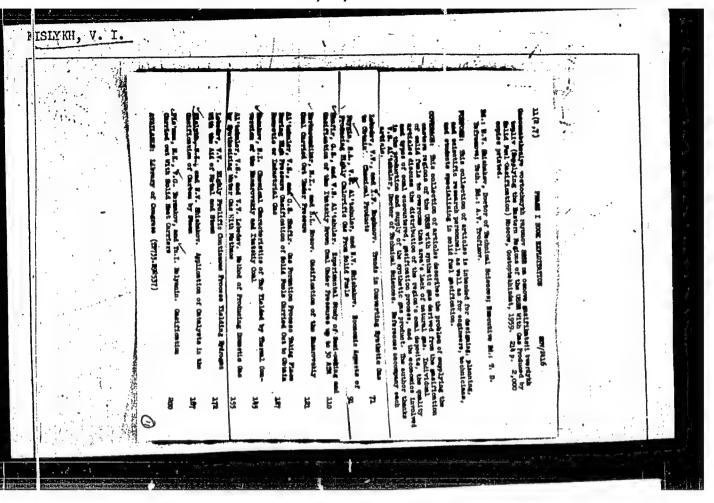
(Mining machinery—Testing)

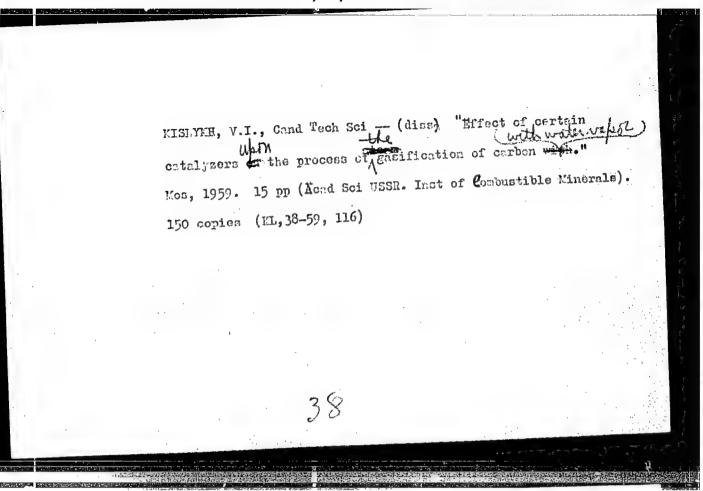
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

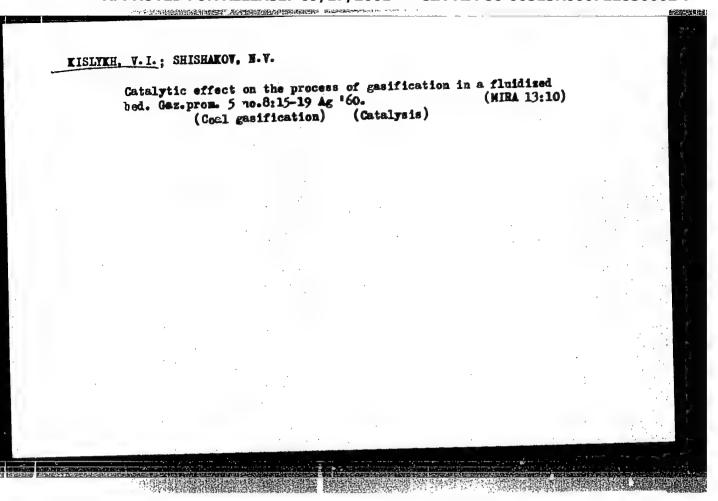
CIA-RDP86-00513R000722830002-7



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722830002-7

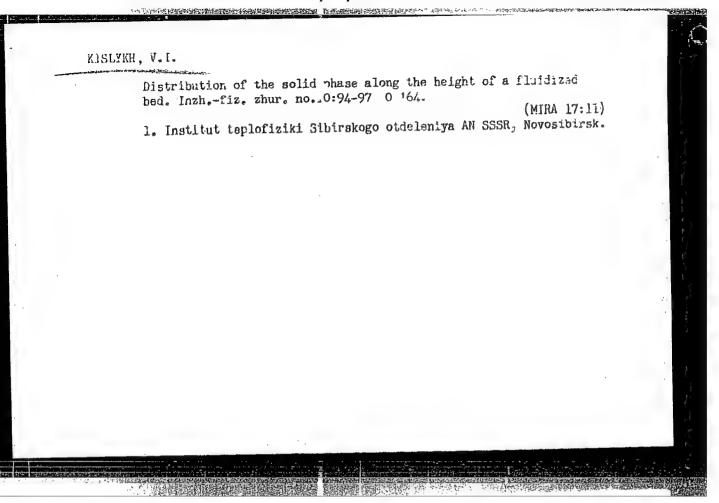


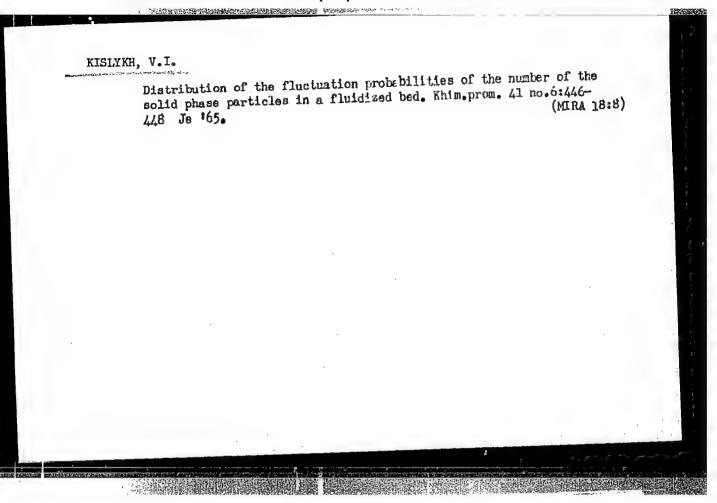


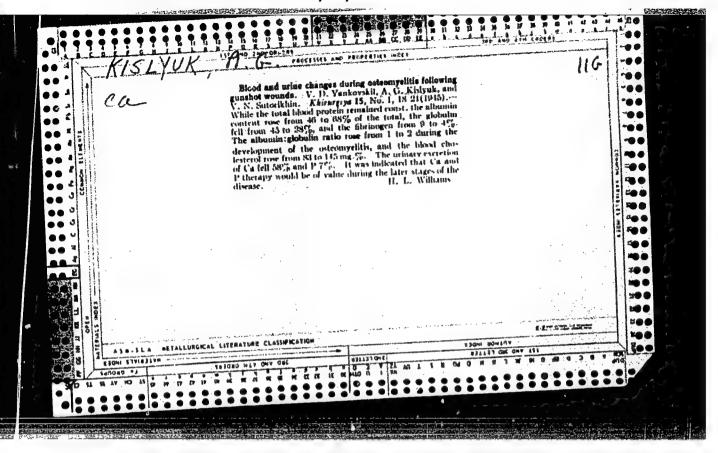


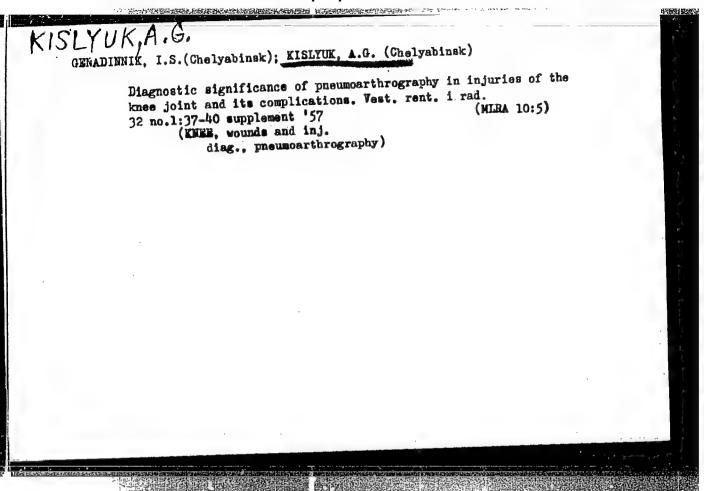
KISLYKH, V.I.; SHISHAKOV, N.V.

Use of catalysts in the gasification of fine-grained fuel in a fluidized bed. Trudy IGI 16:171-179 '61. (KIRA 16:7) (Coal gasification) (Fluidization) (Catalysts)

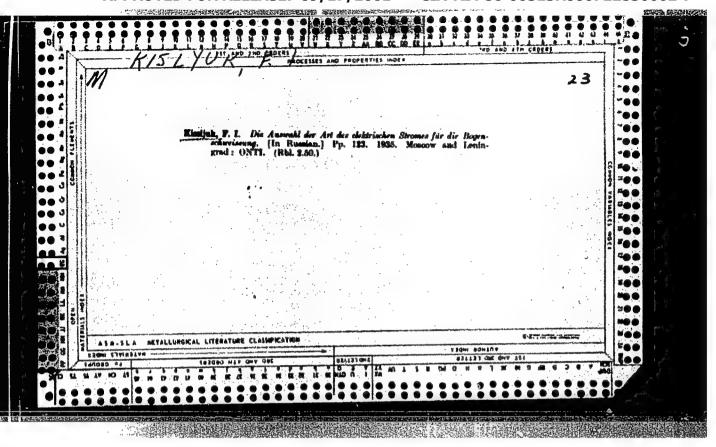


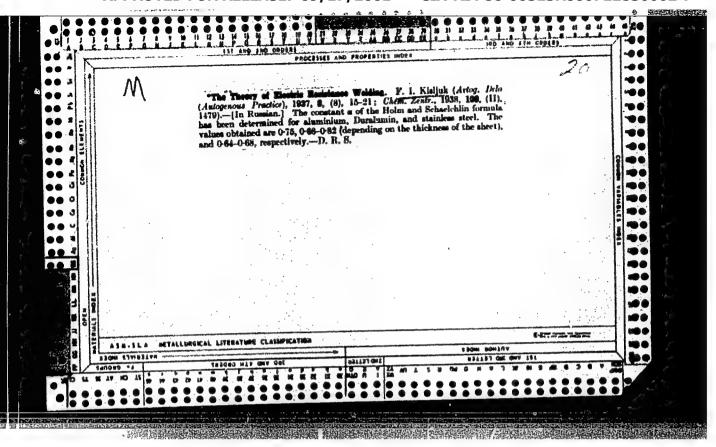






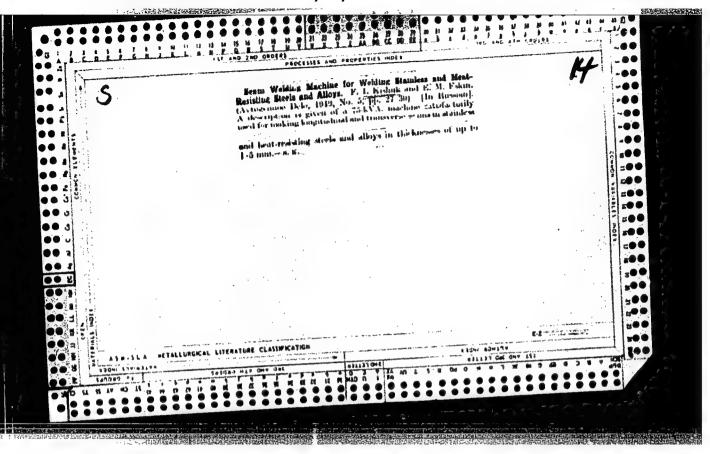
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722830002-7"





"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722830002-7



Elektricheskaia kontaktnaia svarka. Moskva, Oborongiz, 1950. 348 p.
Electric point welding.

SO: Manufacturing and Mechanical Engineering in the Soviet Union, Library of Congress, 1953.

KISLYUK, F. I.

Elektricheskaya kontaktnaya svarka (Electrical point welding)

Moskva, Oborongiz, 1950.

395 p. illus., diagrs., tables.

"Literatura i Istochniki": p. 388-(390)

KISLYUK, F. I. and S. F. FILIFFOVA.

Tochechnaia i rolikovaia svarka zharoupornykh stalei i splavov. (Vestn. Mash., 1950, no. 6, p. 41-45)

Spot and roll welding of heat-resisting steels and alloys.
DIC: TN4.V4

SO: Manufacturing and Mechanical Engineering in the Soviet Union, Library of Congress, 1953.

KISLYUK, F.I., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk; MAZKL', A.T. kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; FAL'KEVICH, A.S. inzhener; ANUCHKIN, M.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; LIVSHITS, L.S. kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; NEYFEL'D, I.Ye., inzhener; BAKHRAKH, L.P., inzhener; POLYAKOVA, P.B., inzhener.

Welding with electrode cluster. Section of the All-Union Scientific Engineering Technological Association of Welders in the All-Union Scientific Research Institute for Petroleum Industry Construction. Avtog. delo 24 no.6:30 Je '53. (MLRA 6:5)

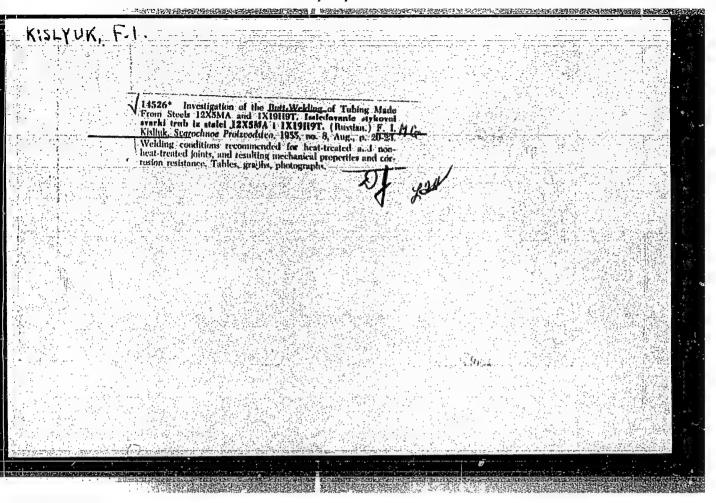
(Electric welding)

FAL'KEVICH, A.S., kandidat tekhnicheskikh namk; KISLYUK, F.I., doktor tekhnicheskikh namk; USEMKO, Yu.V.; LUBOV, V.X.

Magnetographic quality control method of welded structures. Svar. proisv. no.7:10-12 Jl '55.

1. Vsesoyusnyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Stroyneft'.

(Welding-Testing) (Magnetic testing)



KisLyuk, t. L

AID P - 3974

Subject

: USSR/Engineering

Card 1/1

Pub. 78 - 19/27

Author

: Kislyuk, F. I.

Title

Electrical contact butt-welding in the construction of

pipelines.

Periodical

: Neft. khoz., v. 33, #12, 77-84, D 1955

Abstract

The author emphasizes the great advantages in applying contact butt-welding in the construction of pipelines and describes some of the equipment used at present. He advocates this method for principal and secondary lines, and appeals for the improvement of the welding apparatus and more even standard finishings of pipes supplied for this kind of construction. Diagrams, 4

references, 1950-1955.

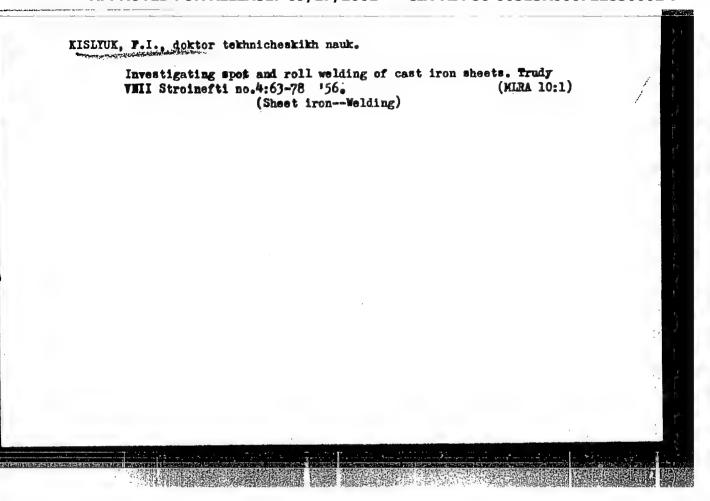
Institution:

All-Union Scientific Research Institute for Building

of Petroleum Enterprises (UNIIStroyNeft').

Submitted

No date



The use of resistance butt welding in petroleum engineering. Trudy
VNIISTROINETT no.7:65-74 56.
(MIRA 9:11)

(Fleetric welding)
(Petroleum-Pipelines)

Kislyak, F.I.

137-58-2-4342

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metal urgiya, 1958, Nr 2, p 293 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Fal'kevich, A.S., Kislyuk, F.I., Lubov, V.M., Usenko, Yu.V.

TITLE: Development and Investigation of the Magnetograph Method of

Quality Control of Welded Joints (Razrabotka i issledovaniye magnitograficheskogo metoda kontrolya kachestva svarnykh

soyedineniy)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Vses. n.-i. in-ta po str-vu. 1956, Nr 7, pp 75-85

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry

1. Welded joints-Quality control

Card 1/1

The study of resistance butt welding of pipes made of 12Kh5MA chromium-molybdemum steel and 1 Kh18M9T chromium-nickel steel.

Trudy VNISTROIMET' no.7:126-141 '56. (MLRA 9:11)

(Pipe, Steel--Melding)

(Iron-chromium-nickel alloys)

(Iron-chromium-nickel alloys)

Using high-frequency currents to solder T-shaped steel pipeline connections used in sanitary engineering. Stroi.pred.neft.prom. 1 no.8:11-13 0 '56. (MERA 9:12)

(Solder and soldering) (Pipe fitting) (Induction heating)

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722830002-7 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

KisLyuk, F. I.

AID P - 5602

Sub.ject

: USSR/Engineering

Card 1/2

Pub. 107-a - 2/12

Author

Kislyuk, F. I., Dr. of Tech. Sci.

Title

Study of effects of the length of welded pipe on power factor in butt welding of large pipes.

Periodical

: Svar. proizv., 12, 6-10, D 1956

Abstract

Describing the flash butt welding of large (325 to 529mm in diameter) pipes the author discusses the mounting of ring-type transformers on the pipe ends to be welded and analyses the effects of the length of ends on the power factor of welding machines and transformers. Nine formulae, 12 graphs, 3 drawings, 1 table;

4 Russian references (1933-55).

Institution: Electrowelding Institute im. Paton, All-Union Scientific Research Institute for Building Petroleum Enterprises (VNIISTROYNEFT'), Main Administration for

AID P - 5602

Svar. proizv., 12, 6-10, D 1956

Card 2/2 Pub. 107-a - 2/12

Mechanization of Petroleum Enterprises, (GLAVNEFTE-

STROYMEKHANIZATSIYA).

Submitted : No date

135-58-1-3/23

AUTHOR:

Kislyuk, F.I., Doctor of Technical Sciences

TITLE:

The Control of Seam Qualities in Main Pipe Lines Carried Out By Butt Contact Welding Under Field Conditions (Kontrol' kachestva shvov magistral'nykh truboprovodov, vypolnennykh stykovoy kontaktnoy svarkoy v polevykh usloviyakh)

PERIODICAL

Svarochnoye Proizvodstvo, 1958, Nr 1, pp 8 - 12 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Contact butt welding under field conditions was first applied in 1952 for the construction of main large-diameter pipe lines (300 - 500 mm). This method proved satisfactory in laying pipe lines up to 300 km long under extreme climatic conditions in the east. The author states that the best fundamental control method for this process is sample testing by bending, which shows the plasticity of the metal in the seams and adjacent thermally affected zones. Pipe chains with a diameter of 325 mm, consisting of nine welded sections, were subjected to tests. Cold bending was carried out on the VNIIStroyneft bending machine, by the methods of pure bending. The pipe was bent through 15 and the welded joints showed no changes, proving the high strength of the seams. The author mentions another control device, designed by him at VNIIStroyneft: a bi-channel apparatus for the tele-registration of the contact welding

Card 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722830002-7"

135-58-1-3/23

The Control of Seam Qualities in Main Pipe Lines Carried Out By Butt Contact Welding Under Field Conditions

> process parameters. This is an indirect method to control the welding process in each joint of a pipeline without destroying them. The device registers simultaneously on the same time scale the carrent intensity and the values of flashing off and shortening. The usual registration in ink was replaced by electric sparks recording on a plated band. A scheme of this apparatus is shown in Figure 8. There are 5 figures, 6 graphs, 1 diagram and 3 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: VNIIStroyneft .

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress

Card 2/2

1. Pipes-Seam welding 2. Welding-Test methods 3. Welding-Test results

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722830002-7

SOV-135-58-3-14/19

AUTHORS: Kislyuk, F.I., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Gorbanskiy, V.V.,

Engineer

TITLE: A New Machine for Spot Welding Parts of Receiver-Amplifier

Tubes (Novaya mashina dlya tochechnoy svarki detaley priyemno-

usilitel'nykh lamp)

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, 1958, Nr 3, pp 39-42 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The existing spot welding machines used in the production of radio-tubes do not eliminate spatter of liquid metal. In-

vestigations were carried out on the expediency of gradually increasing welding current pulse, or of two separate pre-

heating pulses without disconnecting the electrodes. Engineers G.A. Bolkhovskaya, A.M. Kupfer and A.F. Khudyshev participated in the work. Three machine circuits were tried: 1) machine with increasing amplitude of the welding pulse (Figure 3) for

welding steel, platynite, nickel, etc; 2) a capacitor spot welding machine (Figure 5); 3) a machine with a combined thermal cycle (Figure 7), pre-heating on a.c. and with a

gradually growing amplitude. Information includes a description of mechanisms for compressing the electrodes of spot welding

Card 1/2 machines such as a mechanism with cylindrical spring (Figure 9)

SOV-135-58-3-14/19

A New Machine for Spot Welding Parts of Receiver-Amplifier Tubes

and a mechanism with flat springs (Figure 19). On the basis of the experimental investigations performed; a new spot welding machine was developed having an electric circuit with pre-heating by a.c., welding by capacitor discharge and with a flat spring compressing mechanism. The machine (Figure 11). was tested for two years and proved to be satisfactory. It eliminates spatter.

There are 2 graphs, 3 circuit diagrams, 4 oscillograms, 2 diagrams, 1 photo and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: NII Komiteta radiotekhniki Soveta ministrov SSSR (Scientific Research Institute of the Radio-Engineering Committee of the USSR Council of Ministers)

1. Electron tubes--Spot welding 2. Spot welding--Equipment

Card 2/2

SOV-135-58-10-9/19

AUTHORS: Kislyuk, F.I., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Gorbanskiy,

V.V., and Khudyshev, A.F., Engineers

TITLE: Precision Automatic Arc Welding in Hydrogen With Non-Fusing

Electrodes (Pretsizionnaya avtomaticheskaya dugovaya svarka

neplavyashchimsya elektrodom v srede vodoroda)

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, 1958, Nr 10, pp 26-29 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: A new device for the precision welding of thin parts made of heat resistant and other metals and alloys used in the

production of cathodes for electric-vacuum devices is described. The welding is done in hydrogen, with a low pow-

er arc. Engineers V. Elabakidze, V. Rastopchina and A. Kupfer participated in the work. The new device is described

in detail and the approximate technology for welding on direct polarity of different parts according to their thickness and nature of joints is given in a table. In welding

tungsten and molybdenum parts, micro-hardness of recrystallized molybdenum attained 210 kg/mm and in individual grains

Card 1/2 as much as 320 kg/mm²; micro hardness of porous tungsten

... SOV-135-58-10-9/19 Precision Automatic Arc Welding in Hydrogen With Non-Fusing Electrodes

was equal to 175 kg/mm² in the seam center and 200 - 300 kg/mm² in the transition zone. There are 3 graphs, 4 photos, 1 table, 1 kinematic and 1 circuit diagram.

1. Tungsten--Welding 2. Molybdenum--Welding 3. Arc welding --Applications 4. Hydrogen--Applications

Card 2/2

AL'TSHUL', A.D., kand.tekhn.nauk; KALITSUN, V.I., insh.; KISLYUK, F.I., doktor tekhn.nauk; KAMERSHTEYN, A.G., kand.tekhn.nauk

Hydraulic resistance of pipeline joints made by resistance butt welding on ETSA-1 equipment. Stroi.truboprov. 4 no.1:710 Ja '59.

(Fipelines-Welding)

(Pipelines-Testing)

23324 \$/095/60/000/001/001/002 A053/A129

1.2300 also 1573

Kislyuk, F.I. Doctor of Technical Sciences; Petrov, G. N., Som-

merfel'd, V. N., Glozshteyn, V. G., Engineers

TITLE:

AUTHORS:

Two-channel device for verifying basic parameters of the condi-

tion of electric resistance butt-welding

PERIODICAL:

Stroitel stvo truboprovodov, no. 1, 1960, 20 - 24

TEXT: On the existing KTCA (KTSA) welding installations the parameters of the welding condition are regulated by hand, and there is no guarantee that in mass production pipes are welded in accordance with a prearranged condition of most favorable parameters. The article describes a special two-channel device for automatic remote control of parameters of resistance welding, which permits all welded joints to be verified. On the basis of the recorded diagrams of the welding condition it is easy to determine at any time the nature of the changes in the parameters of the welding condition and their deviation from the prearranged program. From these diagrams and from the collected experimental data it is possible to evaluate the consequences of the deviations in regard to the quality of each welded joint. The two-channel device consists of an a-c ammeter and an

Card 1/4

23324 \$/095/60/000/001/001/002 A053/A129

Two-channel device for verifying basic parameters ...

electric instrument measuring the mechanical shift. In the course of the welding it is easy to observe the recordings of the device by the deflections of the needles and the simultaneous inscriptions on a moving paper roll. The principal parts of the device are a Selsyn pickup, a Selsyn receiver, a measuring mechanism, a paper rolling and printing mechanisms. The movement of the pipe during welding is operated by remote control with the aid of the cophasal Sersyn instruments providing for transformation of mechanical values into electric ones and vice versa. The Sel'syn pickup is mounted on the welding machine and senses all mechanical movements of the moving part of the machine together with those of the pipe, transforming them into electric values. The Selsyn receiver mounted in the body of the device reproduces each shift of the Sel'syn pickup, transmitting it to the needle and the pen mounted on the shaft of the receiver. The general view of the two-channel device is shown in Figure 2. The welding current is registered by the ammeter. The movement of the paper takes place in accordance with a preselected speed and is operated by a synchronous single phase motor of the Warren type. A mechanism provides also for the imprint on the diagram of the serial number of the joint. The article describes the design of this mechanism and those of the feed of automatic paper and of the colored ribbon; it also gives a description of the electric system governing the two-channel device and the prin-

Card 2/4

2332h \$/095/60/000/001/001/002 A053/A129

Two-channel device for verifying basic parameters ...

ciples of its operation. Thus, the device and the commutation system are automatically started at the commencement of welding; the device registers the power of the current, the shifts (at fusing and shrinking) during the entire welding process, it prints on the diagram the serial number of the joint and cuts out the device on completion of each joint. An alternative design provides for the substitution of metallized band in place of paper, in which case recording is done with the aid of a tungsten electrode. The two-channel device has successfully passed a number of laboratory and practical tests. The article shows and describes a number of characteristic diagrams indicating various defects in welding, which become clearly visible by the form of the diagram. The authors of the article conclude that the two-channel device guarantees automatic and distant control of the parameters of resistance welding by recording the basic parameters of the welding condition for each welded joint in the form of a diagram. From these recordings it is easy to ascertain low quality joints caused by gross neglect of ; the parameters of the welding condition. There is 1 photograph, 2 diagrams, 7 graphs and 1 table.

Card 3/ 4

1

2332h s/095/60/000/001/001/002 A053/A129

Two-channel device for verifying basic parameters ...

Figure 2:

General view of the two-channel device 1 - counter; 2 - mechanism for colored ribbon feed; 3 - copying mechanism; 4 - driving mechanism for counter and ribbon; 5 - needle with pen of ammeter; 6 - needle with pen of shift recorder; 7 - diagram paper

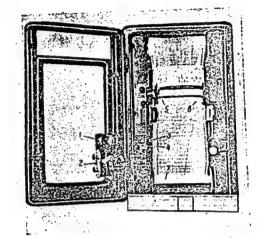


Рис. 2. Общий вид двухканального прибора.

Card 4/4

S/032/60/026/011/019/035 B015/B066

AUTHORS: Kislyuk, F. I., Lifshits, V. S., and Shmeleva, I. A.

TITLE: New Nondestructive Method of Determining the Quality of

Butt Welds

PERIODICAL: Zavodskaya laboratoriya, 1960, Vol. 26, No. 11.

pp. 1262-1263

TEXT: The known nondestructive test methods cannot be applied in the case of butt welds, since the material defects in the surface are very thin and the weld seam shows a considerable thickening. In the present case a nondestructive patented (Ref. 1) test method is described. In principle, nondestructive patented (Ref. 1) test method is described. In principle, it is based on the fact that a flawless weld seam of this kind will show a higher tensile strength than the metal itself because of its thickness. In the thicker seam less tensile strains will occur in the range of In the thicker seam less tensile strains will occur in the range of elasticity with equal modulus of elasticity of weld seam and metal the relative deformation in the seam will be less if it is flawless. By measuring the deformation on three cross sections, i.e., in the seam and

Card 1/2

New Nondestructive Method of Determining the Quality of Butt Welds

S/032/60/026/011/019/035 B015/B066

at a certain distance from it, the weld seam quality may be valued after althoughton in the range of elasticity. To check the method suggested the authors tested two types of tubing in this way: Diameter D = 325 mm, and thickness of the wall d = 10 mm, as well as D = 58 mm and d = 4 mm. The welding of the D = 325 mm specimens of Cr. 4 (St.4) steel was made by means of a sliding KTCA (KTSA) device, the tensile test on a horizontal steel was tested on a maximum load of 3000 t. The latter type made of Cr. 3 (St.3) results show that a tensile strain of the order of magnitude of 10 - 12 kg/mm² is sufficient for the quality rating. There are 1 figure and 1 Soviet reference.

ASSOCIATION: Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut po stroitel'stvu magistral'nykh truboprovodov (All-Union Scientific Research Institute for the Construction of Main-Pipelines)

Card 2/2

S/125/61/000/004/006/013 A161/A127

AUTHORS:

Kislyuk, F. I., Pavlichenko, V. S. (Moscow)

TITLE:

Investigating the possibility of ultrasonic flaw detection in circular welds on thin-wall pipelines produced by resistance welding

PERIODICAL: Avtomaticheskaya svarka, no. 4, 1961, 40 - 46

TEXT: Results are presented of an experimental investigation conducted on segments cut from butt joints in 325 x 8 and 508 x 9.5 mm steel pipes produced in field welding with mobile KICA (KTSA) welders. Ultrasonic flaw detection has not yet been used in the USSR in field welding of pipelines. Reference is made to an extensive use of this inspection method abroad, for pipelines joined by arc welding [Ref. 5: A. G. Barkov, Pipeline Field Welding and Quality Control Methods, "Petroleum Engineer", v. 30, no. 5], and to experiments at TSNIITMASh with resistance-welded butt joints in pipes with 35 mm wall thickness [Ref. 1: A. S. Gel'man et al., "Zavodskaya laboratoriya", no. 5, 1954]. The subject experiments were carried out with a γ3Ω-7H (UZD-7N) flaw detector. A prismatic feeler with a 50° beam angle was chosen since it permits the detection of defects at 20 - 60 mm distance from the feeler edge. Feelers with 40° angle proved not suitable because of

Card 1/3

S/125/61/000/004/006/013 A161/A127

Investigating the possibility of ultrasonic flaw...

the protruding joint and detection of insignificant defects $(1 - 2 \text{ mm}^2)$ not affecting the serviceability of the butt. The necessary acoustic contact between the feeler and the pipe surface was produced by a thin oil film. The flaws were located by the amplitude of pulses on the screen of an electron beam tube. "Siemens II" and Y3A-HWMM-5 (UZD-NIIM-5) ultrasonic flaw detectors were also used for comparison, and the UZD-NIIM-5 proved best suitable for field use. Its advantages over the other two flaw detectors are: 1) It operates on both a.c. and d.c. and low voltage (12 v); 2) In addition to the electron beam tube screen it has two more indicators (sound and light), which facilitates inspection; 3) Its electronic depth meter indicates the depth of flaws; 4) The absence of an initial pulse on the tube screen makes detection easier. Conclusions: 1) The preliminary experiments have proven that ultrasonic flawdetection is possible in principle for 8 - 10 mm thick welds produced by resistance flash welding. The presence of burrs and a reinforced seam cause difficulties, for signals reflected from the reinforcement may be understood as signals reflected from defects. 2) Cracks, craters, oxide flaws etc. are detected, but no defects of the kind producing no cavities (burns, premature crystallization), and then the ultrasonic detection data contradict the results of mechanical tests. 3) The entire joint can be sounded through with multiple reflec-

Card 2/3

Investigating the possibility of ultrasonic flaw...

S/125/61/000/004/006/013 A161/A127

tion of the pulse. 4) Studies have to be continued and the inspection device to be improved. [Abstracter's note: No description of the ultrasonic equipment is included]. There are 5 figures, 2 tables and 8 references: 7 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc. The one reference to an English-language publication reeds as follows: A. G. Barkov, Pipeline Field Welding and Quality Control Methods, "Petroleum Engineer", v. 30, no. 5)

SUBMITTED: October 8, 1960

Card 3/3

KISLYUK, F.I.; SHMELEVA, I.A.; PETROV, G.N.

Effect of compounding on the characteristics of a synchronous generator in a movable electric station for resistance welding. Avtom. svar. 14 no.5:67-73 My '61. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut po stroitel'stvu magistral'nykh truboprofodov.

(Electric welding-Equipment and supplies)

Investigating the spot welding of the hard alloy VK15 with the E45N alloy. Svar. proizv. no.8:34-35 Ag '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel akiy i proyektno-tekhnologicheskiy institut ugol'nogo mashinostroyeniya. (Electric welding) (Alloys-Welding)

KISLYUK, F.I., doktor tekhn.nauk; KHARASH, M.Ya., inzh.

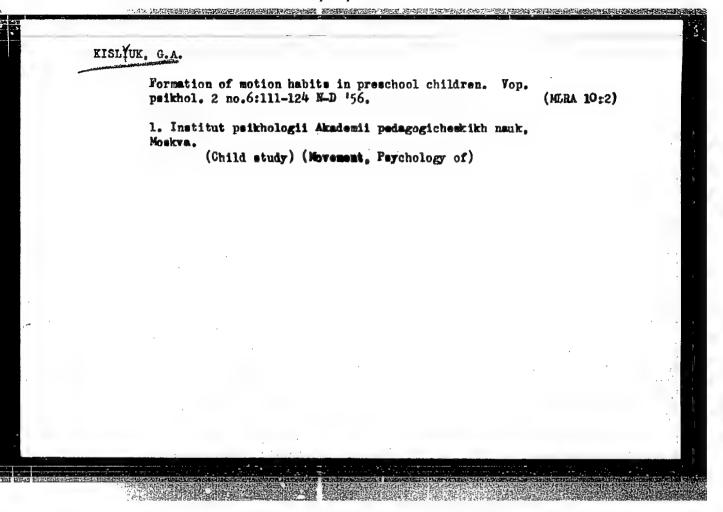
Projection welding of steel parts of various thickness. Svar.proizv.
no.10:24-26 0 64.

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy i proyektno-tekhnologioheskiy
institut ugol nogo mashinostroyeniya.

Machine for double arc welding in carbon dioxide of belt elevator buckets. Svar. proizv. no.6:33-34 Je '65. (MIRA 18:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel akiy i proyektno-tekhnologi-cheskiy institut ugol nogo mashinostroyeniya.

L 11108-66 (M) EWT(m)/EWP(e)/EWP(v)/T/EWP(t)/EWP(k)/EWP(z)/EWP(b)/EWA(c) ID/HM	333483
ACC NRI AP6002531 . SOURCE CODE: UR/0286/65/000/023/0036/0036	ÀH ,
INVENTOR: Petrov, S. A.; Kaufman, M. S.; Kialyuk, P. I.; Zhuravlev, V. L.; Krichevskiy, Z. A.; Aldyrev, D. A.; Kazintsev, N. V.; Tkachev, V. N.	
ORG: none TITLE: Method of strengthening thin sheet	
of Coal Machine Building (Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovateľsky i proyektno-tekhno- logicheskiy institut ugol nogo mashinostroyeniya). Rostov Scientific Research Technological Machine Building Institute (Particular (Particul	
SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 23, 1965, 36	
TOPIC TAGS: thin sheet part, part strengthening, part surfacing, thin sheet us	
ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces a method of strengthening thin- sheet parts by surfacing with wear-resistant powder deposited with high-frequency current. To maintain a constant gap between the inductor and the surfaced part, ensure a small depth of penetration in the base metal, and to avoid burning through, the inductor is located below the surfaced part. [ND]	
SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 24Nov62/ ATD PRESS: 4/76 Card 1/1 H(A) UDC: 621.791.927-415	



KISLYUK, I.M.

TOTAL THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP

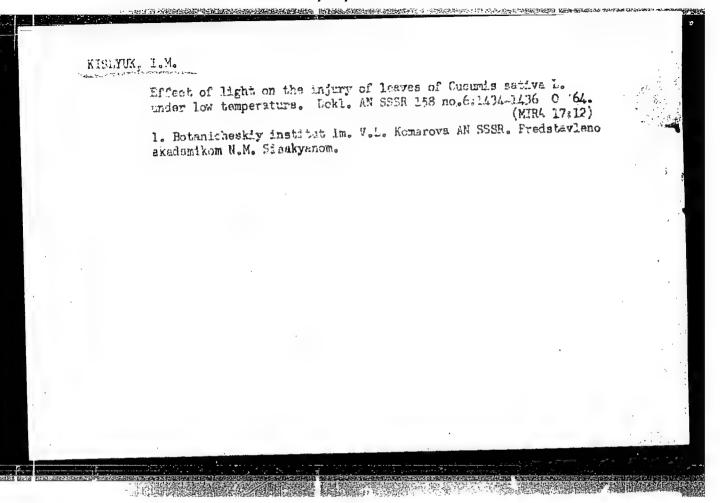
Increasing the heat resistance of young grain crops by hot and cold hardening. Bot. shur. 47 no.5:713-715 Mg 162. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni V.L.Komarova AN SSSR, Leningrad.
(Plant, Effect of temperature on)
(Grain)

KISLYUK, I.M.; MASHANSKIY, V.F.

Ultramicroscopic structure of chloroplasts. Bot.zhur. 50 no.10:1384-1395 0 65. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni Komarova AN SSSR i Institut tsitologii AN SSSR, Leningrad.



Functional and atrustural changes in the cells of leave of thermophilic plants under the influence of low above freeing point temperatures in light and in darkness. Biofizika 9 no.42463-468 164. (MIRA 18:3) no.42463-468 institut imeni Komareva AN SSSR, Leningrad.

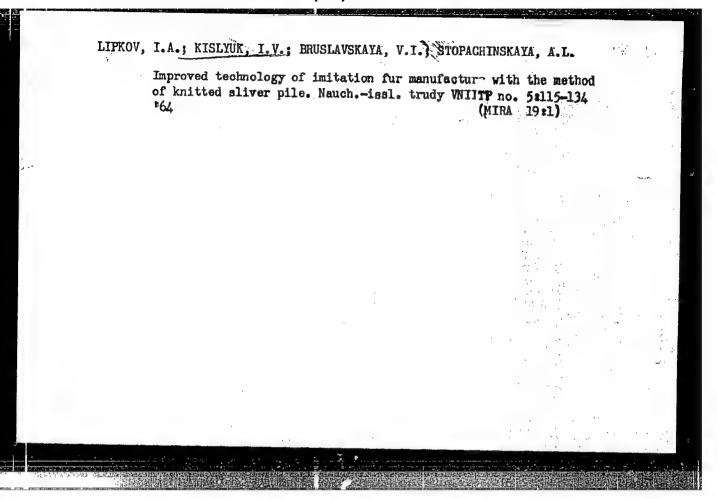
KISLYUK, I. M.

"Morphological and function changes of chloroplasts after cooling of leaves of Cucumis sativa L."

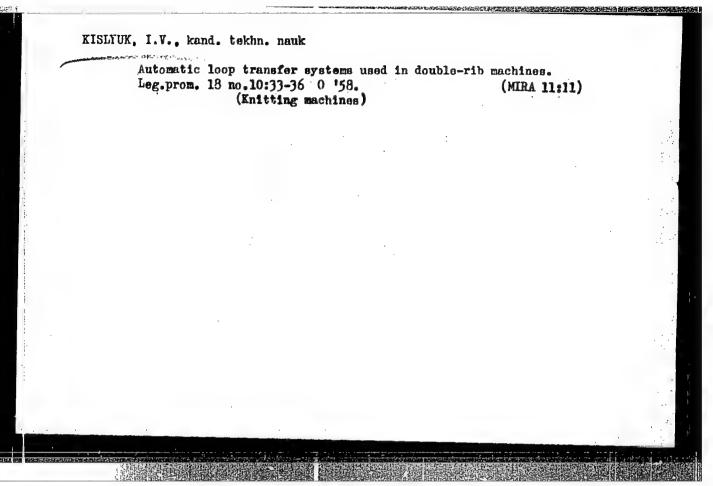
UNESCO - International Symposium on the Role of Cell Reactions in Adaptations of Hetazoa to Environmental Temperature.

Leningrad, USSR, 33

31 May - 5 June 1963



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722830002-7"



THE THE PARTY OF T

KISLYUK, I.V., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik, kand.tekhn.nauk; LIPKOV, I.A., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik, kand.tekhn.nauk

Relationship between the weight of the artifical far pile and sliver. Tekst.prom. 22 no.2:65-67 F '62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Vsesoyuzayy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut trikotashnoy promyshlamosti (VHIITP). (Artifical fur) (Knitting machines)

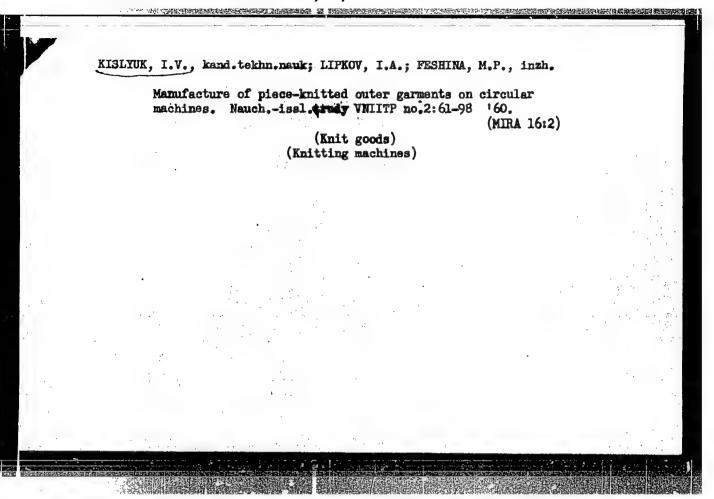
的现在,这种是是这里,不要是不是有不能是不同的,这个人的,我们就是这个人,我们也是不是是一个人,我们就是这种的一个人,我们就是这种人的人,我们也可以是一个人,也

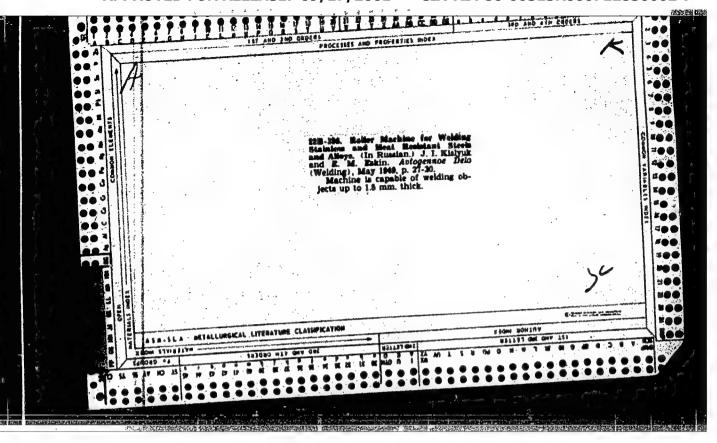
MIRKIN, Moisey Samuylovich; SIMIN, Solomon Khononovich; LIPKOV, I.A., kand. tekhm. nauk, retsenzent; KISLYUK, I.V., kand. tekhm. nauk, retsenzent; GABOVA, D.M., red.; TRISHINA, L.A., tekhm. red.

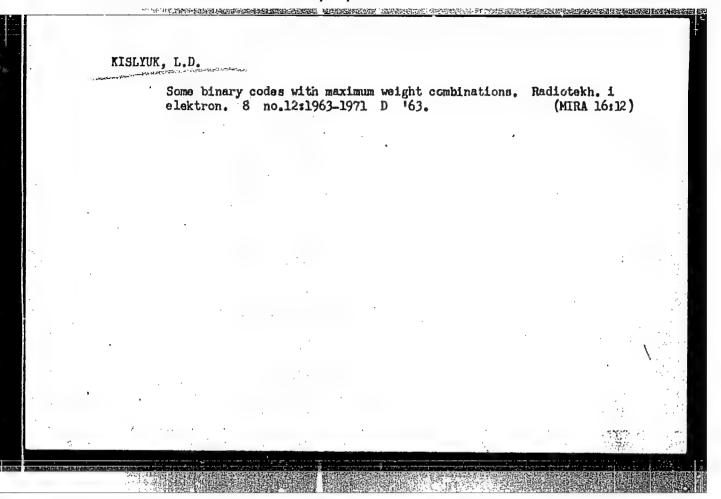
[Circular knitting machines for knitted cuterwear]Krugloviazal'nye mashiny verkhnego trikotazha. Moskva, Rostekhizdat, 1962. 307 p.

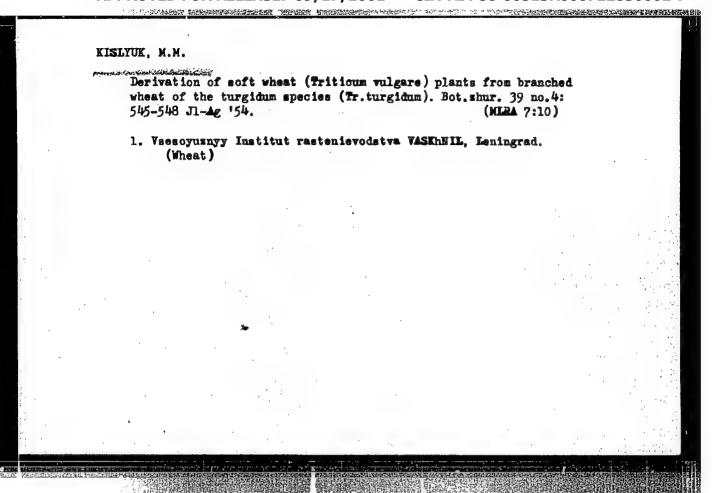
(Knitting machines)

(Knitting machines)



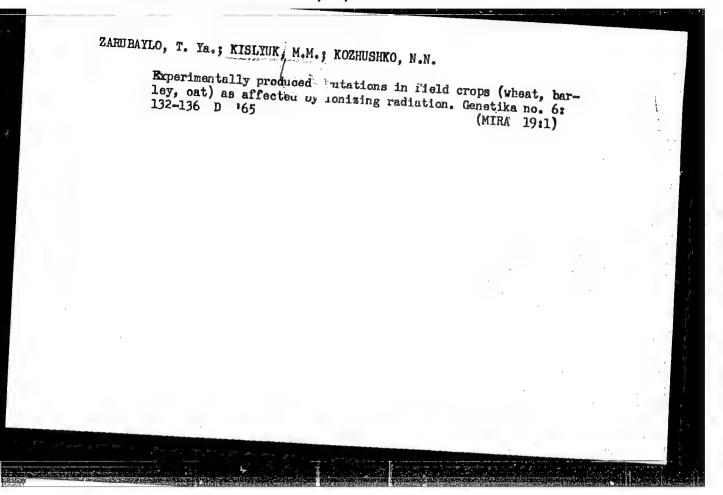


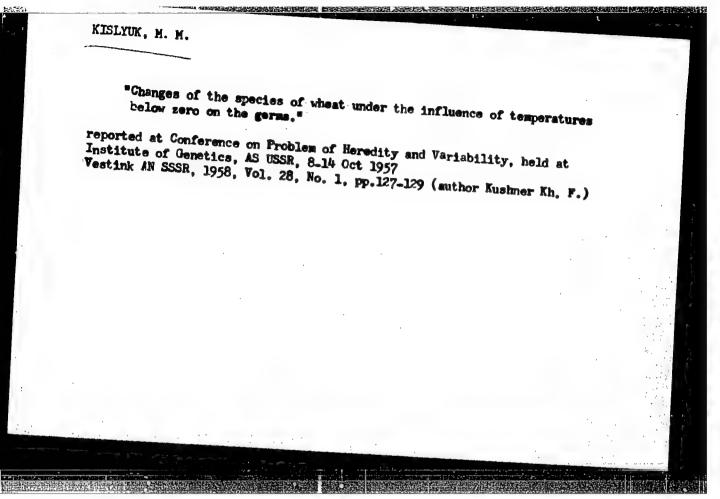




KISLYUK M. M. Country : 15538 CATEGORY ABB. JOUR. : RZBiol., No. /9, 1958, No. 86976 AUTHOR : Kislyuk, M. M. INST. : Conditions of Undergoing the Stage of Vernali TITLE zation of Winter Wheat as a Factor of Its Variation. ORIG. PUB.: Tr. po prikl. botan., genet. i selektsii, 1957, 30, No 3, 35-46
ABSTRACT: For the purpose of obtaining highly winter-ABSTRACT hardy winter wheat, by developing long-stage varieties, spring plantings were made of winter wheat Borovichskaya and Ina (Polish variety), using vernalized sprouts which had been subjected to the action of subfreezing temperatures at the end of the stage of vernalization. The work was initiated in 1940, interrupted during the war, and resumed in 1946. Behavior of individual lines of the varieties indicated changes in duration of vernalization stage. Behavior of lines of Ina variety revealed considerable differences in time of spike formation. In lines of local Borovichskaya variety the length of time between appearance of seedling plants and spike formation increased CARD: 1/3

COUNTRY USSR M-4 CATEGORY AUTHOR INST. TITLE ORIG. PUB. : : with decreasing duration of vernalization. ABSTRACT In 1, lines out of 6 the application of subfreezing temperatures resulted in an increased duration of vernalization stage, under conditions of spring sowing. The most striking example of variability of vernalization stage duration was exhibited by line 248. On the basis of studies of variability of frost resistance and winter hardiness of experimental lines, by freezing under laboratory conditions and by determination of winter-survival in the fields, three line groups were differentiated: lines that developed spikes early and at the same time, equal to local Borovichskaya standard in duration of vernalization stage, frost GARD: 2/3





Changes in oats under the influence. of below-freezing temperatures.

Agrobiologita no.4:512-518 Jl-Ag. '59. (MIRA 12:10)

1. Vsesoyusnyy institut rasteniyevodstva, g. Leningrad.

(Oats) (Plants, Effect of temperature on)

KISLYUK, M.M., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk

Variation of hulless oats under the effect of below freezing temperatures. Agrobiologiia nc.1:66-72 Ja-F '62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut rasteniyevodstva, Leningrad.

(Oats--Frost resistance)

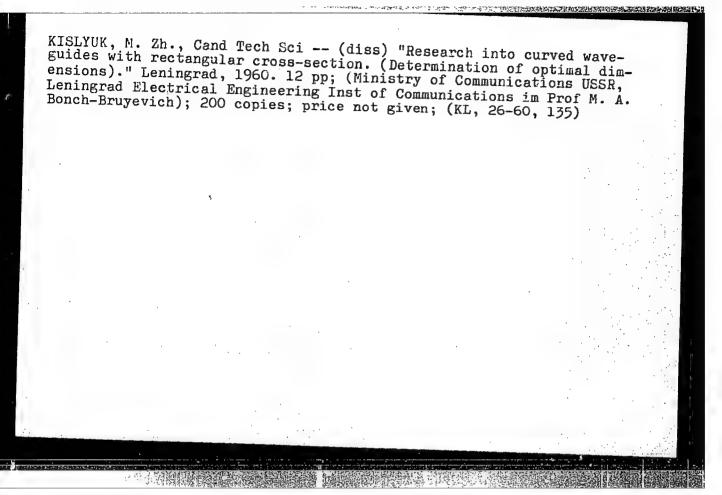
KISLYUK, M.M., kand. sel'skokhoz. nauk

Variability of the wheat Tr. dicocc m. Tr. persicum and

- The second of the second designation of the second secon

Variability of the wheat Tr. dicocc im, Tr. persicum, and Tr. timopheevi under the effect of low temperatures on sprouts. Agrobiologiia no.5:779-781 S-0'63. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut rasteniyevodstva, Leningrad.



AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

22815

9.1300

8/044/61/000/002/013/015 C111/C222

AUTHOR:

Kislyuk, M.Zh.

TITLE:

Bent wave guide with a rectangular cross section

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy shurmal, Matematika, no.2, 1961, 25,

abstract 2V 180. ("Tr. Wanchno-tekhn. konferentsii Leningr. elektrotekhn. in-ta svyazi". Vyp.2. L., 1960, 55-66)

The author investigates the structure of the electromagnetic field in the circular bendings of wave guides of a rectangular cross section. For the fields in the bent wave guide and for the coefficients of propagation and damping of the traveling and the local waves the author obtains analytic approximate expressions consisting of elementary functions and being applicable for practical calculations. The author considers circular bendings of rectangular wave guides incited by a wave of the type H, of the straight wave guide in the planes (of the vectors) H and E. Here the field in the bent wave guide is represented as the sum of two cylindric waves of the type E and H. Series developments are used for the deduction of the calculation formulas for the solution of the wave equation for a bending of the wave guide in the planes H and E. An analysis of the obtained results is given. It is shown that the Card 1/2

Bent wave guide with...

\$\frac{3\044\61\000\0002\013\015}{6111\0222}\$

deduced approximate formulas satisfy the conditions of orthogonality.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

27377 \$/194/61/000/003/043/046 D201/D306

9,1300

AUTHOR:

Kislyuk, M.Zh.

TITLE:

A rectangular bent waveguide

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Avtomatika i radioelektronika, no. 3, 1961, 40, abstract 3 I287 (Tr. Nauchno-tekhn. Konferentsii Leningr. elektrotekhn. in-ta svyazi,

no. 2, L., 1960, 55-66)

Theoretical expressions are obtained which determine the field configuration and the propagation factors $\boldsymbol{\beta}_n$ of waves in rectangular waveguides, bent in either H or E planes and excited by H_{10} mode of propagation. In the analysis, the wave equation is written in a cylindrical system of coordinates and its solution is sought as a sum of waves. Function W_n which describes the field configuration as a function of the bend radius and is the solution of the wave equation, represents a linear combination Bessel and Neumann functions while β_n is the solution of a transcendental

Card 1/2

9,1300 (4150 1130)

S/108/61/016/004/001/006 B116/B212

AUTHOR:

Kislyuk, M. Zh.

TITLE:

Curved waveguide having a rectangular cross section

PERIODICAL: Radiotekhnika, v. 16, no. 4, 1961, 3-10

TEXT: The structure of the electromagnetic field in circular curvatures of waveguides having a rectangular cross section has been studied. These curvatures are excited by the H₁₀ wave of a straight waveguide. Approxi-

mate formulas are derived for fields in curved waveguides and for propagation factors. These formulas consist of elementary functions, and are useful for practical calculations. The field in curved guides is represented as the sum of the E and H waves. At first, the curvature in the H-plane (Fig. 1) is investigated, Here, an E-type field characterized by the potential function \(\Pi(e)\) is excited. This function

satisfies the wave equation in cylindrical coordinates

Card 1/9